Creating accessible mobility apps for seniors through user-centric design process (T&Tnet project, AAL JP Call 4 -)

Session A5. Navigation and wayfinding

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Karde AS

- In Oslo, Norway
- Founded in 2004
- 8 employees
- Turnover: 1,1 million €
- Business idea: ICT-related innovation projects within 2 main areas



Main areas

eGovernment Collaboration in public sector

- Information governance
- Semantics
- Organisational aspects

ICT-based aids for

- Elderly
- Persons with cognitive challenges
 - Memory impairment, e.g.
 - MCI mild cognitive impairment
 - Mild dementia
 - Intellectual disability



Projects: elderly, memory problems



Aldern



Sampo



TouchIT

Pre projects



Mylife



T&Tnet



PIA

AAL JP projects



Important focus: cognition

Memory or other thinking skills are cognitive abilities.

These include thinking, knowing, learning, remembering, judging, paying attention, and problem-solving.



These are higher-level functions of the brain and encompass language, imagination, perception, and planning.

www.psychology.about.com/od/cindex/g/def_cognition.htm www.sharpbrains.com/blog/2006/12/18/what-are-cognitive-abilities/



User participation

Development of "concretes"

Expert panels



Interviews

Concepts and ideas

Requirement

Focus groups

analyses

Development of basic solution



Testing and evaluation



Modification of basic solution

Karde AS Innovation Development Management

Production solution

Validation



Joy and pleasure
Daily structure
Independence
Mastery and wellbeing
Contact with carers
Reduced stress for carers

Mylife

"Multimedia technology to support independence for and participation by people with dementia"









MemasTM tablet displays:

- Day, date, time
- Appointments and reminders today
- Calendar
- For pleasure: e.g. pictures,
 newspapapers,
 radio and weather
- Contact me





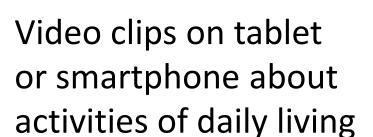




Relatives use internet to chose interesting content for the tablet, configure the tablet and and monitor the use.







Made by relatives

Shared via PIA's social platform



"Personal IADL Assistant"









Sensor infrastructure











Typical iterative work flow

- Analysis of requirements, wished and needs of
- Prototype development
- HCI approvability, usability and accessibility assessment
- Trials (prototype in real use)
- Interviews, observations, simple forms (⊕ ⊕)



Well-being and Quality of Life (QoL)

It is possible to maintain good Quality of Life (QoL) despite of memory impairments.

Support to daily living activities and well-being contribute to this.



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Quality of life

Domain	Subdomain
Discretionary acti- vities: Performance of discretionary activities	Hobbies, recreational activities, vacations Work/productivity Being active

Source: Meryl Brod et al: : «Conceptualization and Measurement of Quality of Life in Dementia: The Dementia Quality of Life Instrument (DQoL) The Cerontologist Vol. 39, No. 1, 25-35 (1999).



Quality of life

Domain	Subdomain
Mobility: Ability to travel out of the house	Travel in neighborhood and outside of neighborhood Public transportation



Quality of life

Domain	Subdomain
Social interaction: Social relationships	Intimacy, happiness with family Social participation







Plan trip
Navigation
Accessibility tips
Social network
Learning system

"Travel & Transport solutions through emotional-social NETworking"

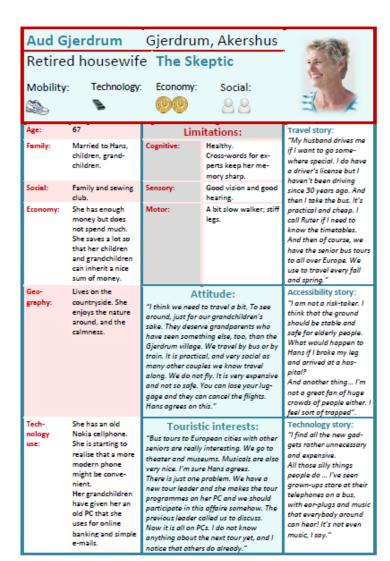


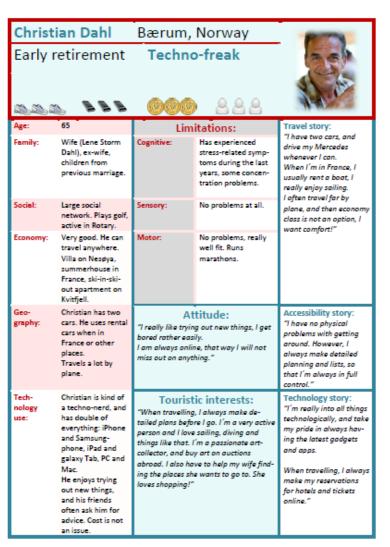






Personas







Focus gropus

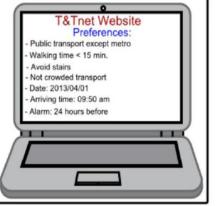


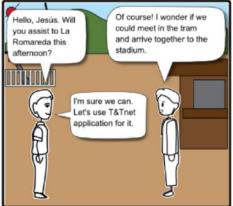
(Photo: Cure)



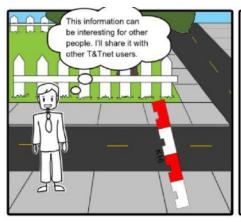
Scenarios and story-boards



















Mock-ups (paper prototypes made as realistic as possible)

- Choice of route
- Navigation and guidance
- Help
- Preferences
- Accessibility tips









Functionality tree (paper prototypes)



(Photo: Cure)



Mock-up tasks organised in realistic sequences of sub tasks

Now you shall ...

- What would you do if you should ... instead?
- What do you think this button does?
- Is there anything that you feel is missing?
- What do you think about the general appearance?



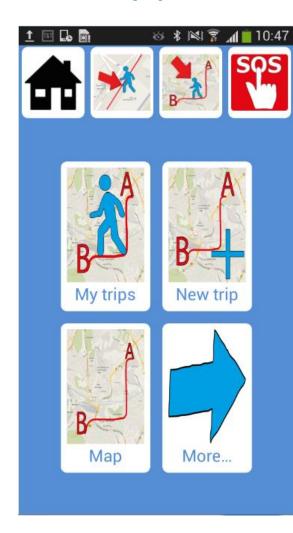
"Senior design principles"

- 1. Enable gradual simplification.
- 2. Enable direct manipulation.
- Offer alternative modalities.
- 4. Simplify the language.
- Make visualisations relevant.
- 6. Enable alternative presentation styles.
- 7. Model real world artefacts and their behaviour.
- 8. Make it easy to start from the beginning.
- Acknowledge external communication.
- 10. Let the users be users.



[&]quot;Accessibility and usability of ICT for elderly" at UD2012

Real app with "sketch finish"









Tests and trials





Final app (1)



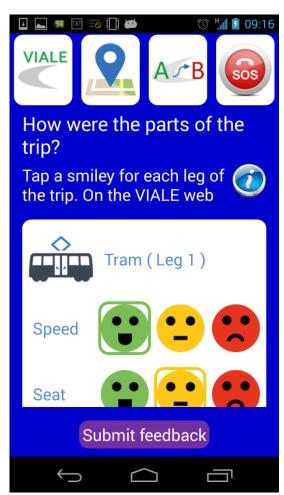






Final app (2)









Basic working principles

Project

- End user involvement
- Expert involvement
- Carer competence
- Ethical guidelines
- Multidisciplinary

Product / service

- Start with end user needs
- Keep it simple
- Accessible design
- Adaptive, personalisable
- Non stigmatising

